



7TP4

7TP4 MONITOR KINESCOPE

METAL-BACKED SCREEN

ELECTROSTATIC FOCUS

MAGNETIC DEFLECTION

DATA

General:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage 6.3 ac or dc volts
Current 0.6 amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):

Grid No.1 to All Other Electrodes 6 μf
Cathode to All Other Electrodes 5 μf

Faceplate Clear Glass

Phosphor, Metal-Backed^o P4—Sulfide Type

Fluorescence and Phosphorescence. White

Persistence of Phosphorescence. Short

Focusing Method Electrostatic

Deflection Method Magnetic

Deflection Angle (Approx.). 50°

Overall Length. 13-1/8" $\pm$ 3/8"Greatest Diameter of Bulb 7-3/16" $\pm$ 1/8"

Minimum Useful Screen Diameter. 6"

Picture Size (Within minimum-useful-screen area) 5-3/8" x 4"

Cap Recessed Small Cavity (JETEC No. J1-21)

Base. Small-Shell Duodecal 6-Pin (JETEC No. B6-63)

BOTTOM VIEW

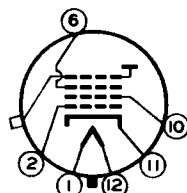
Pin 1 — Heater

Pin 2 — Grid No.1

Pin 6 — Grid No.3

Pin 10 — Grid No.2

Pin 11 — Cathode



Pin 12 — Heater

Cap — Grid No.4,
Collector
(Ultor)

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

ULTOR^o VOLTAGE. 12000 max. volts

GRID-No.3 VOLTAGE 2000 max. volts

GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE 410 max. volts

GRID-No.1 VOLTAGE:

Negative bias value 125 max. volts

Positive bias value 0 max. volts

Positive peak value 2 max. volts

^o For curves, see front of this Section.

[•] In the 7TP4, grid No.4 which has the ultor function, and collector are connected together within the tube and are conveniently referred to collectively as "ultor". The "ultor" in a cathode-ray tube is the electrode, or the electrode in combination with one or more additional electrodes connected within the tube to it, to which is applied the highest dc voltage for accelerating the electrons in the beam prior to its deflection.

FEB. 1, 1952

TUBE DEPARTMENT

TENTATIVE DATA

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

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PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode:

During equipment warm-up period

not exceeding 15 seconds

410 max. volts

After equipment warm-up period. . .

180 max. volts

Heater positive with respect to cathode.

180 max. volts

Equipment Design Ranges:

For any ultor voltage (E_u) between 10000* and 12000 volts
and grid-No.2 voltage (E_{c2}) between 150 and 410 volts

Grid-No.3 Voltage for Focus with

Ultor Current of 100 μ amp. . . 11.6% to 15.8% of E_u volts

Grid-No.1 Voltage for Visual

Extinction of Undelected

Focused Spot. 11% to 25.7% of E_{c2} volts

Grid-No.3 Current**

See Curves

Grid-No.2 Current.

-15 to +15

μ amp

Field Strength of Adjustable

Centering Magnet.

0 to 8

gausses

Examples of Use of Design Ranges:

For ultor voltage of

10000

volts

and grid-No.2 voltage of

200

volts

Grid-No.3 Voltage for Focus with

Ultor Current of 100 μ amp. . .

1160 to 1580

volts

Grid-No.1 Voltage for Visual

Extinction of Undelected

Focused Spot

-22 to -52

volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance.

1.5 max. megohms

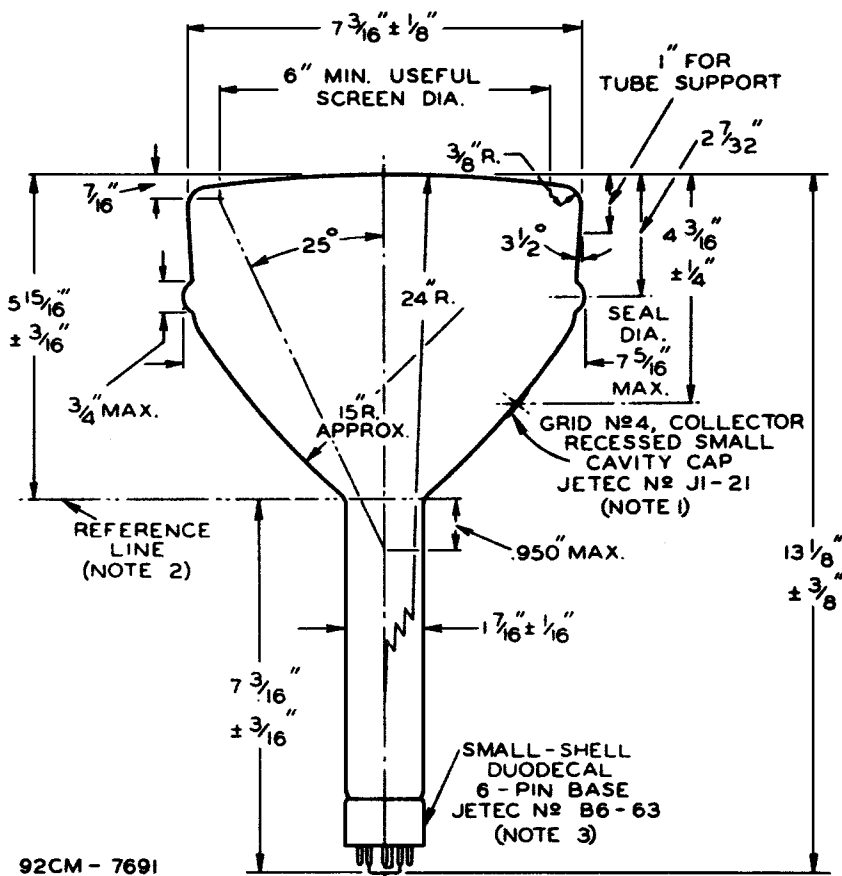
* Brilliance and definition decrease with decreasing ultor voltage. In general, the ultor voltage should not be less than 10000 volts.

** Grid-No.3 current increases as the ultor voltage is decreased.



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NOTE 1: THE PLANE THROUGH THE TUBE AXIS AND PIN No.6 MAY VARY FROM THE PLANE THROUGH THE TUBE AXIS AND BULB TERMINAL BY AN ANGULAR TOLERANCE (MEASURED ABOUT THE TUBE AXIS) OF $\pm 10^\circ$. BULB TERMINAL IS ON SAME SIDE AS PIN No.6.

NOTE 2: REFERENCE LINE IS DETERMINED BY POSITION WHERE
REFERENCE-LINE GAUGE (JETEC No.112) 1.500" + 0.003"
- 0.000" I.D. AND 2" LONG WILL REST ON BULB CONE.

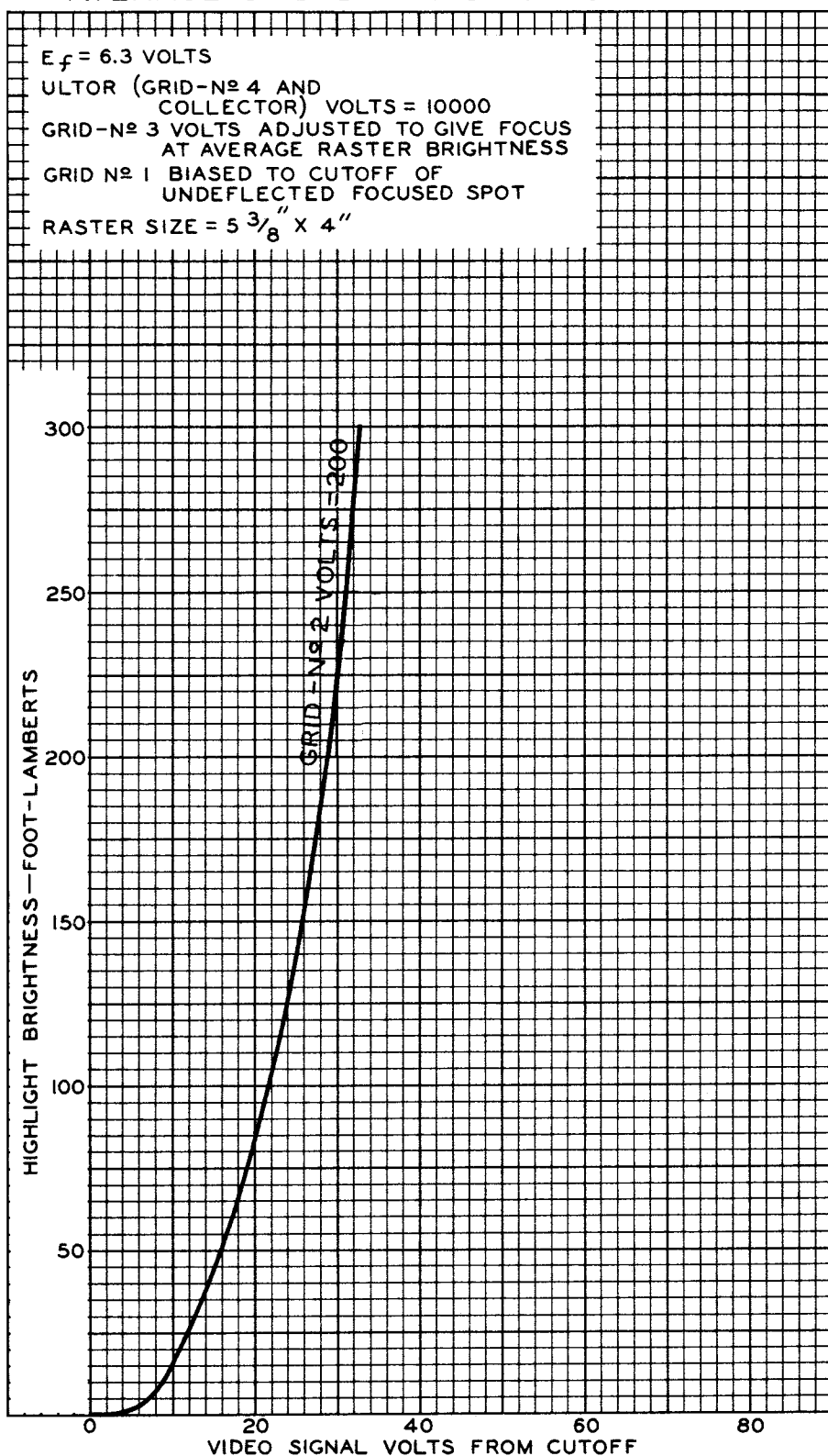
NOTE 3: SOCKET FOR THIS BASE SHOULD NOT BE RIGIDLY MOUNTED; IT SHOULD HAVE FLEXIBLE LEADS AND BE ALLOWED TO MOVE FREELY. BOTTOM CIRCUMFERENCE OF BASE SHELL WILL FALL WITHIN CIRCLE CONCENTRIC WITH BULB AXIS AND HAVING DIAMETER OF 1-7/8".

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AVERAGE GRID-DRIVE CHARACTERISTICS



OCT. 3, 1951

TUBE DEPARTMENT
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

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AVERAGE GRID-DRIVE CHARACTERISTICS

